

MODEL: PM-LX2-800/800W

PC/104 SBC with AMD® Geode™ LX800 500 MHz CPU, Ethernet, 2 USB 2.0, CF Card Type 2, RS-232, RS-422/485, RoHS Compliant

User Manual



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Revision

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Manual Conventions



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WARNING

Warnings appear where overlooked details may cause damage to the equipment or result in personal injury. Warnings should be taken seriously.



CAUTION

Cautionary messages should be heeded to help reduce the chance of losing data or damaging the product.



NOTE

These messages inform the reader of essential but non-critical information. These messages should be read carefully as any directions or instructions contained therein can help avoid making mistakes.



HOT SURFACE

This symbol indicates a hot surface that should not be touched without taking care.

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Introduction

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1.1 PM-LX2-800 Introduction



Figure 1-1: PM-LX2-800

The PC/104 form factor PM-LX2-800 is a highly integrated embedded computer specifically optimized for multi-media applications requiring minimum installation space. The PM-LX2-800 is particularly suitable for low power and fan-less applications. The PM-LX2-800 supports a full range of functions for an AT compatible industrial computer in a space-saving 96mm x 90mm profile. The PM-LX2-800 is equipped with an on-board low-power consumption and high performance AMD[™] Geode[™] LX 800 processor. It also contains a DDR SO-DIMM socket that supports up to 1GB memory in size. The PM-LX2-800**W** adds wide temperature support for applications in harsh environments.

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1.1.1 PM-L2X-800 Motherboard Applications

The PM-LX2-800 motherboard has been designed for use in industrial applications where board expansion is critical and operational reliability is essential.

1.1.2 PM-LX2-800 Motherboard Benefits

Some of the PM-LX2-800 motherboard benefits include,

- Operating reliably in harsh industrial environments with ambient temperatures as ranging from 0°C to 60°C for the PM-LX2-800 or -40°C to 70°C for the wide temperature supporting PM-LX2-800W
- Rebooting automatically if the BIOS watchdog timer detects that the system is no longer operating

1.1.3 PM-LX2-800 Motherboard Features

Some of the PM-LX2-800 motherboard features are listed below:

- Complies with RoHS
- Supports AMDTM GeodeTM LX 800 CPU
- Supports a maximum front side bus (FSB) speed up to 500MHz
- DDR 333 SO-DIMM SDRAM up to 1GB
- Complete I/O support with IDE, CF Type II, PC/104, LAN, and 2 x USB2.0 and 2 x RS-232
- Supports 24-bit TTL LCD

1.2 PM-LX2-800 Motherboard Overview



Figure 1-2: PM-LX2-800 Motherboard Overview







1.2.1 PM-LX2-800 Motherboard Connectors

The PM-LX2-800 motherboard has the following connectors on-board:

- 1 x -12V/5V input connector
- 1 x AT 12V/5V connector
- 1 x CompactFlash® connector (solder side)
- 1 x DDR SO-DIMM connector (solder side)
- 1 x FDD connector (solder side)
- 1 x IDE device connector
- 1 x LAN connector
- 1 x LCD Inverter connector
- 1 x LED connector
- 1 x Keyboard/mouse connector
- 1 x Parallel port connector
- 1 x PC/104 connector
- 2 x RS-232 connectors
- 1 x RS-422/485 connector

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- 1 x TTL/LCD connector
- 1 x USB connector
- 1 x VGA connector

These connectors are fully described in Chapter 3.

1.3 Dimensions

The dimensions of the board are listed below:

Length:

Width: 90.17mm 95.89 90.80 85.73 CN1 00000 CN3 BT1 **S**2 JP1 USB1 2 Rev 1 0 82.55 85.09 90_17 80,01 CN 73.66 S 00000 CN7 сом COM1 .PT1 JP2 2.20 III Ш 6.50

95.89mm

Figure 1-4: PM-LX2-800 Dimensions (mm)

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1.4 Data Flow

The PM-LX2-800 motherboard comes with an AMD® Geode[™] LX800 500MHz processor and an AMD Geode[™] CS5536 linked together by the GeodeLink[™] Interface Unit. **Figure 1-5** shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.



Figure 1-5: Data Flow Block Diagram



1.4.1 Technical Specifications:

PM-LX2-800 motherboard technical specifications are listed in the table below.

Specification/Model	PM-LX2-800	
Form Factor	PC/104 Module	
CPU	AMD® Geode™ LX800 500MHz processor	
Integrated Graphics	AMD® Geode™ LX800 500MHz processor	
Memory	One 200-pin 266/333/400MHz SO-DIMM DDR slot (up to 1GB)	
Southbridge Chipset	AMD Geode™ CS5536 Chipset	
BIOS	AMI BIOS	
Compatible OS	Microsoft Windows XP	
	Microsoft Windows 2000	
	Fedora 10	
Ethernet Controller	RTL8100C	
Super I/O Controller	PM-LX2-800-R10: SMSC SCH3114-NU	
	PM-LX2-800W-R10: SMSC SCH3114I-NU (Wide	
	Temperature)	
Real Time Clock	256 bytes of battery-backed RAM, 32.768 KHz crystal, 3 V	
	battery	
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset	
Expansion		
PCI	One PC/104 via ITE IT8888G PCI-to-ISA bridge	
I/O Interface Connectors		
Display	One VGA	
	One TTL LCD	
Ethernet	One LAN connector	
Keyboard/Mouse	One KB/MS connector	



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Specification/Model	PM-LX2-800	
LPT	One IEEE 1284 parallel (supports normal, EPP and ECP	
	modes)	
Serial	Two RS-232	
	One RS-422/485	
USB 2.0/1.1	Two port USB 2.0 connector	
Storage		
Floppy Disk Drive Connector	One Slim-type FDD	
IDE Connector	One IDE	
CF	One CF card slot	
Environmental and Power Specifications		
Power Supply	5V only, AT support	
Power Consumption	5 V @ 1.09A	
	(AMD® Geode™ LX800 with 512MB DDR400)	
Operating temperature	ture PM-LX2-800-R10: 0°C ~ 60°C	
	PM-LX2-800W-R10 : -40°C ~ 70°C	
Humidity	0% ~ 95% (non-condensing)	
Physical Specifications		
Dimensions	96 mm x 90 mm	
Weight GW/NW	500g/110g	
Table 1-1: PM-LX2-800 Specifications		

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Unpacking

2.1 Anti-static Precautions



Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the PM-LX2-800 may result in permanent damage to the PM-LX2-800 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the PM-LX2-800. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the PM-LX2-800 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board, touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the PM-LX2-800, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the PM-LX2-800.
- Only handle the edges of the PCB: When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the PM-LX2-800 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the anti-static precautions outlined in **Section 2.1**.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards so the PM-LX2-800 does not fall out of the box.
- Make sure all the components shown in **Section 2.3** are present.



2.3 Unpacking Checklist



If some of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, please do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor you purchased the PM-LX2-800 from or contact an IEI sales representative directly. To contact an IEI sales representative, please send an email to sales@ieiworld.com.

2.3.1 Package Contents

The PM-LX2-800 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	PM-LX2-800-R10	
	(or)	
	PM-LX2-800W-R10	
1	ATA/33 flat cable	
	(P/N : 32200-000009-RS)	all a
2	Single COM (without bracket)	
	(P/N : 32200-000049-RS)	
1	KB/MS PS/2 Y-cable	
	(P/N : 32000-023800-RS)	
1	Dual USB cable (without bracket)	8
	(P/N : 32000-070301-RS)	
1	LAN cable	\frown
	(P/N : 32000-055702-RS)	Se 💕

1	Mini jumper Pack	
1	Power cable (P/N :32100-130300-RS)	
1	VGA cable (P/N : 32000-033804-RS)	
1	Quick Installation Guide	
1	Utility CD	



2.4 Optional Items

FDD Cable	MART 1 MART 1<
(P/N : 32400-001100-RS)	Construction of the second sec
LPT cable (without bracket)	~
(P/N : 32200-015100-RS)	
RS-422/485 cable	
(P/N :32200-0748)	

 Table 2-2: Package List Contents (Optional Items)



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Connectors



3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

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The locations of the peripheral interface connectors are shown in **Section 3.1.1**. A complete list of all the peripheral interface connectors can be seen in **Section 3.1.2**.

3.1.1 PM-LX2-800 Motherboard Layout

Figure 3-1 shows the on-board peripheral connectors and jumpers on the front side of the board.



Figure 3-1: Connector and Jumper Locations (Front Side)

Figure 3-2 shows the onboard peripheral connectors on the solder side of the board.





3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The table below shows a list of the peripheral interface connectors on the PM-LX2-800 motherboard. Detailed descriptions of these connectors can be found in the following section.

Connector	Туре	Label
12V / 5V Power connector	3-pin terminal block	CN3
-12V Input connector	3-pin box header	CN4
200-pin DDR SO-DIMM socket	200-pin socket	CN11
Battery Connector	2-pin wafer connector	BT1
CompactFlash® Type II connector	50-pin header	CN9
FDD connector	26-pin header	CN10
IDE Interface connector	44-pin box header	CN2
LCD Inverter connector	5-pin wafer connector	CN1
Keyboard/Mouse connector	6-pin wafer connector	KBMS2

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Connector	Туре	Label
LAN connector	10-pin box header	LAN
LED/Reset button connector	6-pin header	CN6
Parallel Port connector	26-pin box header	LPT1
PC/104 connector	PC/104 connector	CN8
RS-232 Serial port1 connector	10-pin box header	COM1
RS-232 Serial port2 connector	10-pin box header	COM2
RS-422/485 Serial port3 connector	4-pin wafer connector	CN7
TTL LCD connector	40-pin crimp connector	CN5
USB connector	8-pin header	USB1
VGA connector	10-pin box header	VGA1

Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

Internal peripheral connectors on the motherboard are only accessible when the motherboard is outside of the chassis. This section has complete descriptions of all the internal, peripheral connectors on the PM-LX2-800 motherboard.

3.2.1 12V / 5V Power Connector

CN Label:	CN3
CN Type:	3-pin terminal block
CN Location:	See Figure 3-3
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-2

The 12V / 5V Power Connector supplies power to the motherboard.





Figure 3-3: 12V / 5V Power Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	VCC12	
2	GND	
3	VCC5	

Table 3-2: 12V / 5V Power Connector Pinouts

3.2.2 -12V / -5V Input Connector

CN Label:	CN4
CN Type:	3-pin box header
CN Location:	See Figure 3-4
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-3

The -12V power supply provides an additional power output connector for other applications.



Figure 3-4: -12V Power Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	-5V	
2	GND	
3	-12V	

Table 3-3: -12V Power Connector Pinouts

3.2.3 200-pin DDR SO-DIMM Socket

CN Label:	CN11 (solder side)
CN Type:	200-pin socket
CN Location:	See Figure 3-5
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-4

The 200-pin DDR SO-DIMM socket receives a DDR 266MHz SO-DIMM module.



Figure 3-5: 200-pin DDR SO-DIMM Socket Location

PIN	FRONT	PIN	BACK	PIN	FRONT	PIN	BACK
1	VREF	2	VREF	101	A9	102	A8
3	VSS	4	VSS	103	VSS	104	VSS
5	DQ0	6	DQ4	105	A7	106	A6
7	DQ1	8	DQ5	107	A5	108	A4
9	VDD	10	VDD	109	A3	110	A2
11	DQS0	12	DM0\DQS9	111	A1	112	A0
13	DQ2	14	DQ6	113	VDD	114	VDD
15	VSS	16	VSS	115	A10\AP	116	BA1
17	DQ3	18	DQ7	117	BAO	118	/RAS
19	DQ8	20	DQ12	119	/WE	120	/CAS
21	VDD	22	VDD	121	/S0	122	/S1
23	DQ9	24	DQ13	123	DU(A13)	124	DU(BA2)
25	DQS1	26	DM1\DQS10	125	VSS	126	VSS
27	VSS	28	VSS	127	DQ32	128	DQ36
29	DQ10	30	DQ14	129	DQ33	130	DQ37
31	DQ11	32	DQ15	131	VDD	132	VDD
33	VDD	34	VDD	133	DQS4	134	DM4\DQS13
35	СКО	36	VDD	135	DQ34	136	DQ38
37	/СКО	38	VSS	137	VSS	138	VSS
39	VSS	40	VSS	139	DQ35	140	DQ39

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PIN	FRONT	PIN	васк	PIN	FRONT	PIN	ВАСК
		10	Door			1.10	BAOK
41	DQ16	42	DQ20	141	DQ40	142	DQ44
43	DQ17	44	DQ21	143	VDD	144	VDD
45	VDD	46	VDD	145	DQ41	146	DQ45
47	DQS2	48	DM2\DQS11	147	DQS5	148	DM5\DQS14
49	DQ18	50	DQ22	149	VSS	150	VSS
51	VSS	52	VSS	151	DQ42	152	DQ46
53	DQ19	54	DQ23	153	DQ43	154	DQ47
55	DQ24	56	DQ28	155	VDD	156	VDD
57	VDD	58	VDD	157	VDD	158	/CK1
59	DQ25	60	DQ29	159	VSS	160	CK1
61	DQS3	62	DM3\DQS12	161	VSS	162	VSS
63	VSS	64	VSS	163	DQ48	164	DQ52
65	DQ26	66	DQ30	165	DQ49	166	DQ53
67	DQ27	68	DQ31	167	VDD	168	VDD
69	VDD	70	VDD	169	DQS6	170	DM6\DQS15
71	CB0*	72	CB4*	171	DQ50	172	DQ54
73	CB1*	74	CB5*	173	VSS	174	VSS
75	VSS	76	VSS	175	DQ51	176	DQ55
77	DQS8*	78	DM8\DQS17*	177	DQ56	178	DQ60
79	CB2*	80	CB6*	179	VDD	180	VDD
81	VDD	82	VDD	181	DQ57	182	DQ61
83	CB3*	84	CB7*	183	DQS7	184	DM7\DQS16
85	DU	86	DU(/RESET)	185	VSS	186	VSS
87	VSS	88	VSS	187	DQ58	188	DQ62
89	CK2*	90	VSS	189	DQ59	190	DQ63
91	/CK2*	92	VDD	191	VDD	192	VDD
93	VDD	94	VDD	193	SDA	194	SA0
95	CKE1	96	CKEO	195	SCL	196	SA1
97	DU	98	DU	197	VDDSPD	198	SA2
99	A12	100	A11	199	VDDID*	200	DU

Table 3-4: 200-pin DDR SO-DIMM Socket Pinouts

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3.2.4 Battery Connector

CN Label:	BT1
CN Type:	2-pin wafer connector
CN Location:	See Figure 3-6
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-5

This battery connector connects to an externally mounted 3V, Lithium, cell coin battery (VARTA CR2032). The life expectancy of the battery is approximately seven years. Depending on the working condition, the life expectancy may be shorter.

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Replacing the battery is not a user operation.

If the battery starts to weaken and lose voltage, contact a vendor or IEI for a replacement module. Dispose of the used battery properly. Contact the local waste disposal agency for disposal instructions. Do not dispose of a used battery with normal household waste.



- 1. Keep batteries away from children.
- 2. There is a danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced.
- 3. Only a certified module from IEI can be used as a replacement.
- 4. Do not expose the battery to excessive heat or fire.
- 5. If the battery shows signs of leakage, contact a local vendor or IEI immediately.



Figure 3-6: Battery Connector Location



PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION		
1	BAT +		
2	GND		

Table 3-5: Battery Connector Pinouts

3.2.5 CompactFlash® Connector

CN Label:	CN9 (solder side)
CN Type:	50-pin header (2x25)
CN Location:	See Figure 3-7
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-6

A CompactFlash® memory module is inserted to the CompactFlash® connector.



PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GROUND	26	VCC-IN CHECK1
2	DATA 3	27	DATA 11
3	DATA 4	28	DATA 12
4	DATA 5	29	DATA 13
5	DATA 6	30	DATA 14

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6	DATA 7	31	DATA 15
7	HDC_CS0#	32	HDC_CS1
8	N/C	33	N/C
9	GROUND	34	IOR#
10	N/C	35	IOW#
11	N/C	36	N/C
12	N/C	37	INTERRUPT
13	VCC_COM	38	VCC_COM
14	N/C	39	CSEL
15	N/C	40	N/C
16	N/C	41	HDD_RESET
17	N/C	42	IORDY
18	SA2	43	N/C
19	SA1	44	VCC_COM
20	SA0	45	HDD_ACTIVE#
21	DATA 0	46	N/C
22	DATA 1	47	DATA 8
23	DATA 2	48	DATA 9
24	N/C	49	DATA 10
25	VCC-IN CHECK2	50	GROUND

Table 3-6: CompactFlash® Connector Pinouts

3.2.6 Floppy Disk Connector

CN Label:	CN10 (solder side)
CN Type:	26-pin header
CN Location:	See Figure 3-8
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-7

The floppy disk connector (CN10) is connected to a floppy disk drive.





Figure 3-8: 26-Pin FDD Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+5V	14	STEP#
2	INDEX#	15	GND
3	+5V	16	WDATA#
4	DSA#	17	GND
5	+5V	18	WGATE#
6	DSKCHG#	19	GND
7	NC	20	TRACKO#
8	NC	21	GND
9	NC	22	WP#
10	MOTO0#	23	GND
11	NC	24	RDATA#
12	DIR#	25	GND
13	NC	26	HEAD#

 Table 3-7: 26-pin FDD Connector Pinouts
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3.2.7 IDE Connector (Primary, 44-pin)

CN Label:	CN2
CN Type:	44-pin box header
CN Location:	See Figure 3-9
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-8

One primary 44-pin IDE device connector on the PM-LX2-800 CPU board supports connectivity to Ultra ATA/33/66/100/133 IDE devices with data transfer rates up to 133MB/s.



Figure 3-9: Primary IDE Device Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	RESET#	2	GROUND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14

17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	GROUND	20	N/C
21	IDE DRQ	22	GROUND
23	IOW#	24	GROUND
25	IOR#	26	GROUND
27	IDE CHRDY	28	GROUND
29	IDE DACK	30	GROUND-DEFAULT
31	INTERRUPT	32	N/C
33	SA1	34	N/C
35	SAO	36	SA2
37	HDC CS0#	38	HDC CS1#
39	HDD ACTIVE#	40	GROUND
41	VCC	42	VCC
43	GROUND	44	N/C

Table 3-8: Primary IDE Connector Pinouts

3.2.8 Keyboard/Mouse Connector

CN Label:	KBMS2
CN Type:	6-pin wafer connector
CN Pinouts:	See Figure 3-10
CN Location:	See Table 3-9

The keyboard and mouse connector can be connected to a standard PS/2 cable or PS/2 Y-cable to add keyboard and mouse functionality to the system.



Figure 3-10: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC_KM
2	MOUSE DATA
3	MOUSE CLOCK
4	KEYBOARD DATA
5	KEYBOARD CLOCK
6	GND

Table 3-9: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Pinouts

3.2.9 LAN Connector

CN Label:	LAN
CN Type:	10-pin box header
CN Location:	See Figure 3-11
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-10

The PM-LX2-800 is equipped with an Ethernet controller. The Ethernet controller is interfaced to the external LAN by direct connection to the LAN connection or by connecting the LAN connector to an RJ-45 interface connector.





Figure 3-11: LAN Connector Location

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC3.3	6	Active
2	RX+	7	RX-
3	Link	8	GND
4	N/C	9	GND
5	TX+	10	TX-

Table 3-10: LAN Connector Pinouts

3.2.10 LCD Inverter Connector

CN Label:	CN1
CN Type:	5-pin wafer connector
CN Location:	See Figure 3-12
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-11

The Inverter connector connects to the LCD backlight.



Figure 3-12: LCD Inverter Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	LCD_BKLTCTL
2	GROUND
3	VCC12
4	GROUND
5	LCD_BKLEN

Table 3-11: LCD Inverter Connector Pinouts

3.2.11 LED/Reset Button Connector

CN Label:	CN6
CN Type:	6-pin header
CN Location:	See Figure 3-13
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-12

The LED power connector provides the connectivity to the power and hard drive activity LEDs on the chassis front panel. An adapter cable is required.





Figure 3-13: LED Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	RESET1
2	RESET2
3	VCC5 LED+
4	GND
5	HDD LED+
6	HDD LED-

Table 3-12: LED Connector Pinouts

3.2.12 Parallel Port Connector

CN Label:	LPT1
CN Type:	26-pin box header
CN Location:	See Figure 3-14
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-13

The 26-pin box header can be connected to a parallel port connector interface or some other parallel port device such as a printer.



Figure 3-14: Parallel Port Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	STROBE#	14	AUTO FORM FEED #
2	DATA O	15	ERROR#
3	DATA 1	16	INITIALIZE
4	DATA 2	17	PRINTER SELECT LN#
5	DATA 3	18	GROUND
6	DATA 4	19	GROUND
7	DATA 5	20	GROUND
8	DATA 6	21	GROUND
9	DATA 7	22	GROUND
10	ACKNOWLEDGE	23	GROUND
11	BUSY	24	GROUND
12	PAPER EMPTY	25	GROUND
13	PRINTER SELECT	26	N/C

Table 3-13: Parallel Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.13 PC/104 Slot

CN Label:	CN8
CN Type:	104-pin PC/104 slot
CN Location:	See Figure 3-15
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-14

The PC/104 slot enables a PC/104 compatible expansion module to be connected to the board.



Figure 3-15: PC/104 Slot Location

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
A1	IOCHCK#	B1	GND	C1	GND	D1	GND
A2	SD7	B2	IRSTDRV	C2	SBHE#	D2	MEMCS16#
A3	SD6	B3	VCC	C3	LA23	D3	IOCS16#
A4	SD5	B4	IRQ9	C4	LA22	D4	IRQ10
A5	SD4	B5	-5V	C5	LA21	D5	IRQ11
A6	SD3	B6	DRQ2	C6	LA20	D6	IRQ12
A7	SD2	B7	-12V	C7	LA19	D7	IRQ15
A8	SD1	B8	ZWS	C8	LA18	D8	IRQ14
A9	SD0	B9	+12V	C9	LA17	D9	DACK0#
A10	IOCHRDY	B10	GND	C10	MEMR#	D10	DRQ0

A11	AEN	B11	SMEMW#	C11	MEMW#	D11	DACK5#
A12	LA19	B12	SMEMR#	C12	SD8	D12	DRQ5
A13	LA18	B13	IOW#	C13	SD9	D13	DACK6#
A14	LA17	B14	IOR#	C14	SD10	D14	DRQ6
A15	SA16	B15	DACK3#	C15	SD11	D15	DACK7#
A16	SA15	B16	DRQ3	C16	SD12	D16	DRQ7
A17	SA14	B17	DACK1#	C17	SD13	D17	VCC
A18	SA13	B18	DRQ1	C18	SD14	D18	MASTER#
A19	SA12	B19	REFRESH#	C19	SD15	D19	GND
A20	SA11	B20	SYSCLK	C20	GND	D20	GND
A21	SA10	B21	IRQ7				
A22	SA9	B22	IRQ6				
A23	SA8	B23	IRQ5				
A24	SA7	B24	IRQ4				
A25	SA6	B25	IRQ3				
A26	SA5	B26	DACK2				
A27	SA4	B27	ТС				
A28	SA3	B28	BALE				
A29	SA2	B29	VCC				
A30	SA1	B30	OSC				
A31	SAO	B31	GND				
A32	GND	B32	GND				
			•				

Table 3-14: PC/104 Slot Connector Pinouts

3.2.14 RS-232 Serial Port Connectors

CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-15
CN Location:	See Figure 3-16
CN Type:	10-pin box header
CN Label:	COM1 and COM2

The COM1 and COM2 serial ports connectors connect to RS-232 serial port devices.

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Figure 3-16: RS-232 Serial Port Connector Locations

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	DCD#	6	DSR#
2	RX	7	RTS#
3	ТХ	8	CTS#
4	DTR#	9	RI#
5	GND	10	GND

Table 3-15: RS-232 Serial Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.15 RS-422/485 Serial Port Connector

CN Label:	CN7
CN Type:	4-pin wafer connector
CN Location:	See Figure 3-17
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-16

The serial port connector connects to an RS-422 or RS-485 serial port device.







PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	RXD485#
2	RXD485+
3	TXD485+
4	TXD485#

Table 3-16: RS-422/RS-485 Serial Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.16 TTL LCD Connector

CN Label:	CN5
CN Type:	40-pin crimp connector
CN Location:	See Figure 3-18
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-17

The TTL connector is connected to a TTL display device.

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PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
2	LCDVCC	1	LCDVCC
4	GND	3	GND
6	LCDVCC	5	LCDVCC
8	GND	7	SDA
10	B1	9	BO
12	B3	11	B2
14	B5	13	B4
16	B7	15	B6
18	G1	17	GO
20	G3	19	G2
22	G5	21	G4
24	G7	23	G6
26	R1	25	RO
28	R3	27	R2
30	R5	29	R4
32	R7	31	R6
34	GND	33	GND
36	VSYNC	35	FPCLK
38	HSYNC	37	LCDEN
40	DISPEN	39	SCL

Table 3-17: TTL Connector Pinouts

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3.2.17 USB Connector

CN Label:	USB1
CN Type:	8-pin header (2x4)
CN Location:	See Figure 3-19
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-18

The 2x4 USB pin connector provides connectivity to USB 2.0 ports. Each USB connector can support two USB devices. The USB port is used for I/O bus expansion.



Figure 3-19: USB Connector Pinout Locations

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	USBVCC1	2	GND
3	D1F-	4	D2F+
5	D1F+	6	D2F-
7	GND	8	USBVCC1

Table 3-18: USB Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.18 VGA Connector

CN Label:	VGA1
CN Type:	10-pin box header (2x5)
CN Location:	See Figure 3-20
CN Pinouts:	See Table 3-19





The internal VGA connector connects to an external VGA display for system monitoring.



Figure 3-20: VGA Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	RED	6	DDCCLK
2	GREEN	7	DDCDAT
3	BLUE	8	GND
4	HSYNC	9	GND
5	VSYNC	10	GND

Table 3-19: VGA Connector Pinouts



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Installation



4.1 Anti-static Precautions



Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the PM-LX2-800 may result in permanent damage to the PM-LX2-800 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the PM-LX2-800. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the PM-LX2-800 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board, touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the PM-LX2-800, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the PM-LX2-800.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB**: When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.



4.2 Installation Considerations



The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before the PM-LX2-800 is installed. All installation notices should be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage of the PM-LX2-800 and injury to the person installing the motherboard.

4.2.1 Installation Notices



The installation instructions described in this manual should be carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the PM-LX2-800, PM-LX2-800 components and injury to the user.

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- Read the user manual:
 - The user manual provides a complete description of the PM-LX2-800 installation instructions and configuration options.
- Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):
 - Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- Place the PM-LX2-800 on an antistatic pad:
 - When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an antistatic pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- Turn all power to the PM-LX2-800 off:
 - When working with the PM-LX2-800, make sure that it is disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed into the system.



Before and during the installation of the PM-LX2-800 DO NOT:

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its components.

4.2.2 Installation Checklist

The following checklist is provided to ensure the PM-LX2-800 is properly installed.

- All the items in the packing list are present
- A compatible memory module is properly inserted into the slot
- The CF Type I or CF Type II card is properly installed into the CF socket
- The jumpers have been properly configured
- The PM-LX2-800 is inserted into a chassis with adequate ventilation
- The correct power supply is being used
- The following devices are properly connected
 - O IDE drives
 - O RS-232 devices
 - O RS-422/485 devices
 - O Keyboard and mouse
 - O LAN
 - O LCD backlight
 - O LPT device
 - O Power
 - O TTL screen
 - O USB port
 - O VGA port



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A CPU should never be turned on without its heat sink being installed. If the heat sink is removed and the system turned on, permanent damage to the CPU, PM-LX2-800 and other electronic components attached to the system may be incurred. Running a CPU without a heat sink may also result in injury to the user.

4.3 Unpacking

When the PM-LX2-800 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the anti-static precautions outlined in **Section 4.1**.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards so the PM-LX2-800 does not fall out of the box.
- Make sure all the components in the checklist shown in Chapter 2.3.1 are present.



If some of the components listed in the checklist in **Chapter 2.3.1** are missing, please do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor you purchased the PM-LX2-800 from or contact an IEI sales representative directly. To contact an IEI sales representative, please send an email to <u>sales@iei.com.tw</u>.

4.4 SO-DIMM and CompactFlash® Installation

When purchasing SO-DIMM modules, the following considerations should be taken into account:

- The maximum SO-DIMM capacity supported is 1.0 GB
- The maximum SO-DIMM frequency supported is 400 MHz
- The SO-DIMM chip must be a 200-pin memory chip

4.4.1 SO-DIMM Module Installation

The PM-LX2-800 motherboard has one 200-pin DDR SO-DIMM socket. To install the DDR SO-DIMM module, follow the instructions below.

- Step 1: Turn the PM-LX2-800 over so that the SO-DIMM socket is facing up.
- Step 2: Push the SO-DIMM chip into the socket at an angle. (See Figure 4-1)
- Step 3: Gently pull the arms of the SO-DIMM socket out and push the rear of the SO-DIMM module down. (See Figure 4-1)
- Step 4: Release the arms of the SO-DIMM socket. They clip into place and secure the SO-DIMM module in the socket.



Figure 4-1: SO-DIMM Module Installation

The SO-DIMM is a critical component of the PM-LX2-800 and cannot be run if it is not installed.

4.5 CompactFlash® Card Installation

A CompactFlash® Type 2 (CF Type II) card slot is located on the solder side of the CPU board. When appropriately formatted, a CF Type II card can serve as a bootable hard drive in applications where installation space is limited. The CF Type II card occupies a secondary IDE channel. Configuration options can be found through the BIOS configuration utility.

To install a CF Type II card, follow the instructions below.

- **Step 1:** Turn the CPU board over so that the CF Type II card socket is facing up.
- Step 2: Gently push the CF Type II card into the socket until it clicks into place. (See Figure 4-2)



Figure 4-2: CompactFlash® Card Installation

4.6 Jumper Settings



A jumper is a metal bridge that is used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.



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Before the PM-LX2-800 is installed in the system, the jumpers must be set in accordance with the desired configuration. There are two jumpers on the PM-LX2-800. These two jumpers are listed in the table below.

Description	Label	Туре
COM3 RS422/RS485	JP2	3-pin header
select		
LCD voltage select	JP1	3-pin header

The PM-LX2-800 CPU board has two onboard jumpers (Figure 4-3).







The PM-LX2-800 does not provide a "Clear CMOS" configuration jumper. If the system fails to boot due to improper BIOS settings, reset the CMOS contents by disconnecting and reconnecting the BT1 battery connector. Use small-sized needle nose pliers to carefully disconnect and reconnect the BT1 battery connector.

4.6.1 COM3 RS422/RS485 Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP2
Jumper Type:	3-pin header
Jumper Location:	See Figure 4-3
Jumper Settings:	See Table 4-1

The **COM3 RS422/RS485 Select** jumper sets the COM3 connector type to RS-422 or RS-485.

JP2	DESCRIPTION				
1-2	RS-422 (Default)				
2-3	RS-485				

Table 4-1: COM3 RS422/RS485 Select Jumper Settings

4.6.2 LCD Voltage Select Jumper

Jumper Label:	JP1
Jumper Type:	3-pin header
Jumper Location:	See Figure 4-3
Jumper Settings:	See Table 4-2

The LCD Voltage Select jumper sets the LCD voltage to +3.3V or +5V.

JP1	DESCRIPTION
1-2	LCD/VCC +3.3V (Default)
2-3	LCD/VCC +5V

Table 4-2: LCD Voltage Select Jumper Settings

4.7 Chassis Installation

🖄 WARNING:

Airflow is critical to the cooling of the CPU and other onboard components. The chassis in which the PM-LX2-800 must have air vents to allow cool air to move into the system and hot air to move out.

The PM-LX2-800 must be installed in a chassis with ventilation holes on the sides allowing air to flow through the heat sink surface. In a system with an individual power supply unit, the power supply cooling fan can also help generate airflow through the board surface.



IEI has a wide range of backplanes available. Please contact your vendor, reseller or an IEI sales representative at <u>sales@iei.com.tw</u> or visit the IEI website (<u>http://www.ieiworld.com.tw</u>) to find out more about the available chassis.

4.8 Internal Peripheral Device Connections

The cables listed in Table 4-3 are shipped with the PM-LX2-800.

Quantity	Туре
1	ATA/33 flat cable
1	Single RS-232 cable w/o bracket
1	KB/MS PS/2 Y-cable
1	Dual USB cable w/o bracket
1	LAN cable
1	Power cable
1	VGA cable



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Separately purchased optional IEI items that can be installed are listed below:

- FDD cable
- LPT cable
- RS-422/485 cable

For more details about the items listed above, please refer to **Chapter 2.4**. Installation of the accessories listed above is described in detail below.

4.8.1 ATA Flat Cable Connection

The ATA/33 flat cable connects to the PM-LX2-800 to one or two IDE devices. To connect an IDE HDD to the PM-LX2-800, please follow the instructions below:

- Step 1: Locate the IDE connector. The location of the IDE device connector is shown in Section 3.1.1.
- Step 2: Insert the connector. Connect the IDE cable connector to the onboard connector. See Figure 4-4. A key on the front of the cable connector ensures it can only be inserted in one direction.



Figure 4-4: IDE Cable Connection

Step 3: Connect the cable to an IDE device. Connect the two connectors on the other side of the cable to one or two IDE devices. Make sure that pin 1 on the cable corresponds to pin 1 on the connector

4.8.2 Keyboard/Mouse Y-cable Connector

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The PM-LX2-800-R11 is shipped with a keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector. The keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector connects to a keyboard/mouse connector on the PM-LX2-800-R11 and branches into two cables that are each connected to a PS/2 connector, one for a mouse and one for a keyboard. To connect the keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Locate the connector. The location of the keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector is shown in Section 3.1.1.
- Step 2: Align the connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on the cable connector with pin 1 on the PM-LX2-800-R11 keyboard/mouse connector. See Figure 4-5.
- Step 3: Insert the cable connectors Once the cable connector is properly aligned with the keyboard/mouse connector on the PM-LX2-800-R11, connect the cable connector to the onboard connectors. See Figure 4-5.



Figure 4-5: Keyboard/mouse Y-cable Connection

- Step 4: Attach PS/2 connectors to the chassis. The keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector is connected to two PS/2 connectors. To secure the PS/2 connectors to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.
- Step 5: Connect the keyboard and mouse. Once the PS/2 connectors are connected to the chassis, a keyboard and mouse can each be connected to one of the PS/2 connectors. The keyboard PS/2 connector and mouse PS/2 connector are both marked. Please make sure the keyboard and mouse are connected to the correct PS/2 connector.

4.8.3 Parallel Port Cable without Bracket

The optional parallel port (LPT) cable respectively connects the onboard LPT 26-pin box header to an external LPT device (like a printer). The cable comprises a 26-pin female header, to be connected to the onboard LPT box-header, on one side and on the other

side a standard external LPT connector. To connect the LPT cable, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Locate the connector. The LPT connector location is shown in Section 3.1.1.
- Step 2: Align the connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on the cable connector with pin 1 on the PCIE-9452 LPT box-header connector. See Figure 4-6.
- Step 3: Insert the cable connectors Once the cable connector is properly aligned with the 26-pin box-header connector on the PCIE-9452, connect the cable connector to the onboard connector. See Figure 4-6.



Figure 4-6: LPT Cable Connection

- Step 4: Attach the LPT connector to the chassis. To secure the LPT interface connector to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.
- Step 5: Connect LPT device. Once the LPT interface connector is connected to the chassis, the LPT device can be connected to the LPT interface connector. See Figure 4-7





Figure 4-7: Connect the LPT Device

4.8.4 Single RS-232 Cable (without Bracket)

The single RS-232 cable consists of one serial port connector attached to a serial communications cable that is then attached to a D-sub 9 male connector. To install the single RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Locate the connector. The location of the RS-232 connector is shown in Section 3.1.1.
- Step 2: Insert the cable connector. Insert the connector into the serial port box header.See Figure 4-8. A key on the front of the cable connectors ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.

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Figure 4-8: Single RS-232 Cable Installation

- Step 3: Secure the bracket. The single RS-232 connector has two retention screws that must be secured to a chassis or bracket.
- Step 4: Connect the serial device. Once the single RS-232 connector is connected to a chassis or bracket, connect a serial communications device to the chassis or bracket.

4.8.5 TFT LCD Installation

The PM-LX2-800-R11 can be connected to a TFT LCD screen through the 40-pin TTL screen on the board. To connect a TFT LCD to the PM-LX2-800, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Locate the connector. The location of the TTL connector is shown in Section 3.1.1.
- Step 2: Insert the cable connector. Insert the connector from the TTL PCB driving board to the TTL connector as shown in Figure 4-9. When connecting the connectors, make sure the pins are properly aligned.

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The diagram below is merely for illustration. The configuration and connection of the cables from the TFT LCD screen being installed may be different. Please refer to the installation manual that came with the TFT LCD screen.



Figure 4-9: TTL Connector

- **Step 3:** Locate the backlight inverter connector. The location of the backlight inverter connector is shown in **Section 3.1.1**.
- Step 4: Connect backlight connector. Connect the backlight connector to the driver TFT LCD PCB as shown in Figure 4-10. When inserting the cable connector, make sure the pins are properly aligned.





Figure 4-10: Backlight Inverter Connection





BIOS

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5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.



Some of the BIOS options may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and are subject to change without prior notice.

5.1.1 Starting Setup

The AMI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

- 1. Press the DELETE key as soon as the system is turned on or
- 2. Press the **DELETE** key when the "**Press Del to enter SETUP**" message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DELETE** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Кеу	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS
	Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
	Exit current page and return to Main Menu



Кеу	Function			
Page Up key	Increase the numeric value or make changes			
Page Dn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes			
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu			
F2 /F3 key	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward.			
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu			

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Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

5.1.4 Unable to Reboot After Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter **5**.

5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The menu bar on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced Changes the advanced system settings.
- PCIPnP Changes the advanced PCI/PnP Settings
- Boot Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Chipset Changes the chipset settings.
- Exit Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.



5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered. The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY						
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset Exit
System Overview					Use [ENTER], [TAB] or [SHIFT-TAB] to select a	
AMIBIOS Version Build Date ID:	:08.00.14 :01/14/09 :B130MR1	4 9 0				field. Use [+] or [-] to configure system time.
Processor Type Speed Count	:AMD™ Ge :500MHz :1	ode™ LX				←→ Select Screen
System Mer Size System Tir System Tir	nory :479MB ne ne		[14:20 [Tue 0):27])4/27/2009]		<pre>↑↓ Select Item Enter Go to SubScreen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit</pre>
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BIOS Menu 1: Main

➔ System Overview

The **System Overview** lists a brief summary of different system components. The fields in **System Overview** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- AMI BIOS: Displays auto-detected BIOS information
 - O Version: Current BIOS version
 - O Build Date: Date the current BIOS version was made
 - O ID: Installed BIOS ID
- Processor: Displays auto-detected CPU specifications
 - O Type: Names the currently installed processor
 - O Speed: Lists the processor speed
 - O Count: The number of CPUs on the motherboard
- System Memory: Displays the auto-detected system memory.
 - O Size: Lists memory size

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The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

→ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

→ System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

- CPU Configuration (see Section 5.3.1)
- IDE Configuration (see Section 5.3.2)
- Floppy Configuration (see Section 5.3.3)
- Super I/O Configuration (see Section 5.3.4)
- Hardware Health Configuration (see Section 5.3.5)
- Remote Access Configuration (see Section 5.3.6)
- USB Configuration (see Section 5.3.7)
- IT8888 Configuration (see Section 5.3.8)

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY							
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit	
Advanced	Settings					Config	gure CPU	
WARNING: S	Setting wror	ng values i	n below sec	tions may ca	ause			
system to	malfunctio	on						
<pre>> CPU Con > IDE Con > Floppy > SuperIO > Hardwar > Remote > USB Con > IT8888</pre>	figuration figuration Configurati Configurat e Health Co Access Conf figuration Configurati	ion tion onfigurati tiguration	.on			←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit	
	v02.61 @	v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.						

BIOS Menu 2: Advanced

5.3.1 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main	Advanc	ced PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit	
Configure Advanced CPU Settings Module Version - 11.05								
Manufacturer : AMD™ Brand String : AMD™ Geode™ LX Frequency : 500GHz								
Revision Cache L1 Cache L2	:	C3 64KB 128KB				<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select S Select I Go to Su General I Save and Exit	creen tem bScreen Help Exit
	v02.	.61 ©Copyrigh	nt 1985-200	6, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 3: CPU Configuration

The CPU Configuration menu (BIOS Menu 3) lists the following CPU details:

• Manufacturer: Lists the name of the CPU manufacturer



- Brand String: Lists the brand name of the CPU being used
- Frequency: Lists the CPU processing speed
- Cache L1: Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- Cache L2: Lists the CPU L2 cache size

5.3.2 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) to change and/or set the configuration of the IDE devices installed in the system.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY							
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boo	ot	Security	Chir	set	Exit
IDE Confi 	guration						DISAB integ	LED: disable the rated IDE
OnBoard PCI IDE Controller > Primary IDE Master > Primary IDE Slave > Secondary IDE Master > Secondary IDE Slave			[Primary] : [Not : [Not : [Not : [Not		Detected] Detected] Detected] Detected]		<pre>controller. PRIMARY: enables only the Primary IDE controller SECONDARY: enables only the Secondary IDE controller. BOTH: enables both IDE controllers</pre>	
±02.61.@Com							←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 (©Copyright	1985-	-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration

→ ATA/IDE Configurations [Compatible]

Use the ATA/IDE Configurations option to configure the ATA/IDE controller.

- **Disabled** Disables the on-board ATA/IDE controller.
 - Compatible Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in compatible mode. In this mode, a SATA channel will replace one of the IDE channels. This mode supports up to 4 storage devices.

Enhanced DEFAULT

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Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in Enhanced mode. In this mode, IDE channels and SATA channels are separated. This mode supports up to 6 storage devices. Some legacy OS do not support this mode.

→ Configure SATA as [IDE]

Use the **Configure SATA as** option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE devices.

→ IDE DEFAULT Configures SATA devices as normal IDE device.

→ Configure SATA Channels [Behind PATA]

Use the **Configure SATA Channels** option to determine how SATA channels and PATA channels are ordered.

→	Before PATA		Puts SATA channels before PATA channels.
→	Behind PATA	DEFAULT	Puts SATA channels behind PATA channels.

→ Legacy IDE Channels [PATA Pri, SATA Sec]

→	SATA Only		Only the SATA drives are enabled.
→	PATA Pri, SATA Sec	DEFAULT	The IDE drives are enabled on the Primary
			IDE channel. The SATA drives are enabled on
			the Secondary IDE channel.
→	PATA Pri., PATA Sec		The IDE drives are enabled on the primary
			and secondary IDE channels. SATA drives
			are disabled.

→ OnBoard PCI IDE Controller [Both]

Use the **OnBoard PCI IDE Controller** BIOS option to specify the IDE channels used by the onboard PCI IDE controller. The following configuration options are available.

→	Disabled	Prevents the system from using the onboard IDE controller
→	Primary	Only allows the system to detect the Primary IDE channel, including both the Primary Master and the Primary Slave
→	Secondary	Only allows the system to detect the Secondary IDE channel, including both the Secondary Master and Secondary Slave
→	Both DEFAULT	Allows the system to detect both the Primary and Secondary IDE channels including the Primary Master, Primary Slave, Secondary Master and Secondary Slave.

→ IDE Master and IDE Slave

When entering setup, BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. BIOS displays the status of the auto detected IDE devices. The following IDE devices are detected and are shown in the **IDE Configuration** menu:

- Primary IDE Master
- Primary IDE Slave
- Secondary IDE Master
- Secondary IDE Slave

The **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) allows changes to the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. If an IDE device is detected and one of the above listed four BIOS configuration options are selected, the IDE configuration options shown in **Section 5.3.2.1** appear.

→ Hard Disk Write Protect [Disabled]

Use the **Hard Disk Write Protect** BIOS option to protect the hard disks from being overwritten. This menu item is only effective if the device is accessed through the BIOS.

Disabled DEFAULT Allows hard disks to be overwritten

➔ Enabled

Prevents hard disks from being overwritten

5.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave

Use the **IDE Master** and **IDE Slave** configuration menu to view both primary and secondary IDE device details and configure the IDE devices connected to the system.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY							
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	pset	Exit	
Primary	IDE Master				Selec conne	t the type of device cted to the system		
Device	NOT D	etectea						
Туре			[Auto]					
LBA/Larg	e Mode		[Auto]					
Block (M	ulti-Sector	Transfer)	[Auto]					
PIO Mode			[Auto]			\leftrightarrow	Select Screen	
DMA Mode			[Auto]			$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Item	
S.M.A.R.	т.		[Auto]			Enter	Go to SubScreen	
32Bit Da	ta Transfer		[Enable	ed]		F1	General Help	
			-	-		F10	Save and Exit	
						FCC	Evit	
						LOC	LAIL	
	v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.							

BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration

→ Auto-Detected Drive Parameters

The "grayed-out" items in the left frame are IDE disk drive parameters automatically detected from the firmware of the selected IDE disk drive. The drive parameters are listed as follows:

- Device: Lists the device type (e.g. hard disk, CD-ROM etc.)
- Type: Indicates the type of devices a user can manually select
- Vendor: Lists the device manufacturer
- Size: List the storage capacity of the device.
- LBA Mode: Indicates whether the LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method of addressing data on a disk drive is supported or not.
- Block Mode: Block mode boosts IDE drive performance by increasing the amount of data transferred. Only 512 bytes of data can be transferred per

interrupt if block mode is not used. Block mode allows transfers of up to 64 KB per interrupt.

- PIO Mode: Indicates the PIO mode of the installed device.
- Async DMA: Indicates the highest Asynchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- Ultra DMA: Indicates the highest Synchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- S.M.A.R.T.: Indicates whether or not the Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology protocol is supported.
- 32Bit Data Transfer: Enables 32-bit data transfer.

➔ Type [Auto]

Use the **Type** BIOS option select the type of device the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) is complete.

→	Not Installed		BIOS is prevented from searching for an IDE disk drive on the specified channel.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	The BIOS auto detects the IDE disk drive type attached to the specified channel. This setting should be used if an IDE hard disk drive is attached to the specified channel.
→	CD/DVD		The CD/DVD option specifies that an IDE CD-ROM drive is attached to the specified IDE channel. The BIOS does not attempt to search for other types of IDE disk drives on the specified channel.
→	ARMD		This option specifies an ATAPI Removable Media Device. These include, but are not limited to: ZIP LS-120

→ LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Use the **LBA/Large Mode** option to disable or enable BIOS to auto detects LBA (Logical Block Addressing). LBA is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB.



→	Disabled		BIOS is prevented from using the LBA mode control on
			the specified channel.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the LBA mode control on the specified
			channel.

→ Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]

Use the **Block (Multi Sector Transfer)** to disable or enable BIOS to auto detect if the device supports multi-sector transfers.

→	Disabled		BIOS is prevented from using Multi-Sector Transfer on the
			specified channel. The data to and from the device occurs
			one sector at a time.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects Multi-Sector Transfer support on the
			drive on the specified channel. If supported the data
			transfer to and from the device occurs multiple sectors at
			a time.

→ PIO Mode [Auto]

Use the **PIO Mode** option to select the IDE PIO (Programmable I/O) mode program timing cycles between the IDE drive and the programmable IDE controller. As the PIO mode increases, the cycle time decreases.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the PIO mode. Use this value if the IDE disk
			drive support cannot be determined.
→	0		PIO mode 0 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 3.3 MB/s
→	1		PIO mode 1 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 5.2 MB/s
→	2		PIO mode 2 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s
→	3		PIO mode 3 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 11.1 MB/s

➔ 4 PIO mode 4 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s (This setting generally works with all hard disk drives manufactured after 1999. For other disk drives, such as IDE CD-ROM drives, check the specifications of the drive.)

→ DMA Mode [Auto]

Use the DMA Mode BIOS selection to adjust the DMA mode options.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the DMA mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.
→	SWDMA0		Single Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 2.1 MB/s
→	SWDMA1		Single Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2 MB/s
→	SWDMA2		Single Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s
→	MWDMA0		Multi Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2 MB/s
→	MWDMA1		Multi Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 13.3 MB/s
→	MWDMA2		Multi Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
→	UDMA0		Ultra DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
→	UDMA1		Ultra DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 25 MB/s
→	UDMA2		Ultra DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 33.3 MB/s

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→	UDMA3	Ultra DMA mode 3 selected with a maximum data transfer
		rate of 44 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an
		80-conductor ATA cable is used.)
→	UDMA4	Ultra DMA mode 4 selected with a maximum data transfer
		rate of 66.6 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an
		80-conductor ATA cable is used.)
→	UDMA5	Ultra DMA mode 5 selected with a maximum data transfer
		rate of 99.9 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an
		80-conductor ATA cable is used.)

→ S.M.A.R.T [Auto]

Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to auto-detect, disable or enable Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) on the drive on the specified channel. **S.M.A.R.T** predicts impending drive failures. The **S.M.A.R.T** BIOS option enables or disables this function.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects HDD SMART support.
→	Disabled		Prevents BIOS from using the HDD SMART feature.
→	Enabled		Allows BIOS to use the HDD SMART feature

→ 32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Use the **32Bit Data Transfer** BIOS option to enables or disable 32-bit data transfers.

- ➔ Disabled Prevents the BIOS from using 32-bit data transfers.
- Enabled DEFAULT Allows BIOS to use 32-bit data transfers on supported hard disk drives.

5.3.3 Floppy Configuration

Use the **Floppy Configuration menu** to configure the floppy disk drive connected to the system.

			BIOS SETU	IP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit
Floppy C	Configuration					Selec [.] drive	t the type of floppy connected to the
Floppy A	A		[Disab	led]		syste	n
						←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 ©	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 6: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration

→ Floppy A/B

Use the **Floppy A/B** option to configure the floppy disk drive. Options are listed below:

- Disabled
- 360 KB 51/4"
- 1.2 MB 51/4"
- 720 KB 31/2"
- 1.44 MB 31/2'
- 2.88 MB 31/2"

5.3.4 Super I/O Configuration

Use the **Super I/O Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) to set or change the configurations for the FDD controllers, parallel ports and serial ports.

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	BIOS	SETUP UT	ILITY		
Main Advanced P	CIPNP BC	ot Sec	urity Ch	nipset	Exit
Configure Super I/O Ch	ipset			Allows	s BIOS to select l Port Base
Serial Portl Address Serial Portl IRQ Serial Port2 Address Serial Port2 IRQ Serial Port3 Address Serial Port3 IRQ Parallel Port Address Parallel Port Mode Parallel Port IRQ] [[[[[[3F8] 4] 2F8/IRQ3] 4] 3E8] 3] 378] Normal] IRQ7]		Addres	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
v02.61 ©Co	pyright 1985	-2006, Am	erican Me	gatrends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 7: Super IO Configuration

→ Serial Port1 Address [3F8]

Use the **Serial Port1 Address** option to select the Serial Port 1 base address.

→	Disabled		No base address is assigned to Serial Port 1
→	3F8	DEFAULT	Serial Port 1 I/O port address is 3F8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
→	3E8		Serial Port 1 I/O port address is 3E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
→	2E8		Serial Port 1 I/O port address is 2E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3

→ Serial Port1 IRQ [4]

Use the Serial Port1 IRQ option to select the interrupt address for serial port 1.

→	3		Serial port 1 IRQ address is 3
→	4	DEFAULT	Serial port 1 IRQ address is 4
→	10		Serial port 1 IRQ address is 10
→	11		Serial port 1 IRQ address is 11

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→ Serial Port2 Address [2F8]

Use the Serial Port2 Address option to select the Serial Port 2 base address.

→	Disabled		No base address is assigned to Serial Port 2
→	2F8	DEFAULT	Serial Port 2 I/O port address is 3F8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3
→	3E8		Serial Port 2 I/O port address is 3E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
→	2E8		Serial Port 2 I/O port address is 2E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3

→ Serial Port2 IRQ [4]

Use the Serial Port2 IRQ option to select the interrupt address for serial port 2.

→	3		Serial port 2 IRQ address is 3
→	4	DEFAULT	Serial port 2 IRQ address is 4
→	10		Serial port 2 IRQ address is 10
→	11		Serial port 2 IRQ address is 11

→ Serial Port3 Address [3E8]

Use the Serial Port3 Address option to select the base addresses for serial port 3

→	Disabled		No base address is assigned to serial port 3
→	3E8	DEFAULT	Serial port 3 I/O port address is 3E8
→	2E8		Serial port 3 I/O port address is 2E8
→	2E0		Serial port 3 I/O port address is 2E0

→ Serial Port3 IRQ [3]

Use the Serial Port3 IRQ option to select the interrupt address for serial port 3.

- 3Serial port 3 IRQ address is 3
- 4 Serial port 3 IRQ address is 4
- ➔ 10 Serial port 3 IRQ address is 10
- → 11 DEFAULT Serial port 3 IRQ address is 11

→ Parallel Port Address [Disabled]

Use the **Parallel Port Address** option to select the parallel port base address.

7	Disabled	DEFAULT	No base address is assigned to the Parallel Port
→	378		Parallel Port I/O port address is 378
→	278		Parallel Port I/O port address is 278
→	3BC		Parallel Port I/O port address is 3BC

→ Parallel Port Mode [Normal]

Use the **Parallel Port Mode** option to select the mode the parallel port operates in.

→	Normal	DEFAULT	The normal parallel port mode is the standard
			mode for parallel port operation.
→	SPP		Parallel port outputs are 8-bits long. Inputs are
	(Bi-directional)		accomplished by reading 4 of the 8 bits on the
			status register.
→	EPP + SPP		The parallel port operates in the enhanced parallel
			port mode (EPP). The EPP mode supports
			bi-directional communication between the system
			and the parallel port device and the transmission
			rates between the two are much faster than the
			Normal mode.
			The percelled part is also be compatible with SDD

The parallel port is also be compatible with SPP devices described above



→

- ECPThe parallel port operates in the extended
capabilities port (ECP) mode. The ECP mode
supports bi-directional communication between
the system and the parallel port device and the
transmission rates between the two are much
faster than the Normal mode
- ★ ECP + EPP The parallel port operates in the extended capabilities port (ECP) mode. The ECP mode supports bi-directional communication between the system and the parallel port device and the transmission rates between the two are much faster than the Normal mode The parallel port is also be compatible with EPP devices described above

→ Parallel Port IRQ [IRQ7]

Use the **Parallel Port IRQ** selection to set the parallel port interrupt address.

→	IRQ5		IRQ5 is assigned as the parallel port interrupt address
→	IRQ7	DEFAULT	IRQ7 is assigned as the parallel port interrupt address

5.3.5 Hardware Health Configuration

The **Hardware Health Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 8**) shows the operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
Hardware H	Health Even	t Monitor	ing				
CPU Temper SuperIO Te System Ten	rature emperature mperature		:52°C/ :47°C/ :44°C/	125°F 116°F 111°F			Coloct Coroon
+2.5V Vccp Vcc +5Vin +12Vin VSB VBAT			:2.473 :1.242 :3.265 :4.896 :11.93 :3.265 :2.953	V V V V 7 V V V		<pre>↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 ©	Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 8: Hardware Health Configuration

➔ Hardware Health Monitoring

The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- System Temperatures:
 - O CPU Temperature
 - O Super I/O Temperature
 - O System Temperature
 - Voltages:
 - O +2.5V
 - O Vccp
 - O Vcc
 - O +5Vin
 - 0 +12Vin
 - O VSB
 - O VBAT

5.3.6 Remote Access Configuration

Use the **Remote Access Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) to configure remote access parameters. The **Remote Access Configuration** is an AMIBIOS feature and

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allows a remote host running a terminal program to display and configure the BIOS settings.

		BIOS SETU	IP UTILITY				
Main Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit	
Configure Remote Ac	cess type	and parame	eters				
Remote Access		[Disab	led]				
Detected Serial port [Base Address, IRQ [Serial Port Mode [Redirection After BIOS POST [Terminal Type [4] 0 8,n,1] s]		←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select S Select I Go to Su General Save and Exit	Screen Item UbScreen Help I Exit
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BIOS Menu 9: Remote Access Configuration

➔ Remote Access [Disabled]

Use the **Remote Access** option to enable or disable access to the remote functionalities of the system.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Remote access is disabled.
→	Enabled		Remote access configuration options shown below
			appear:
			Serial Port Number
			Serial Port Mode
			Flow Control
			Redirection after BIOS POST
			Terminal Type
			VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support
			These configuration options are discussed below.



Detected Serial Port r [1]

Use the **Detected Serial Port** option to select the serial port used for remote access.

→	1	DEFAULT	System is remotely accessed through COM1
→	2		System is remotely accessed through COM2
→	3		System is remotely accessed through COM3

NOTE: Make sure the selected COM port is enabled through the Super I/O configuration menu.

→ Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]

The **Base Address**, **IRQ** option cannot be configured and only shows the interrupt address of the serial port listed above.

→ Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]

Use the **Serial Port Mode** option to select baud rate through which the console redirection is made. The following configuration options are available

- 115200 8,n,1 **DEFAULT**
- 57600 8,n,1
- 38400 8,n,1
- 19200 8,n,1
- 09600 8,n,1



Identical baud rate setting musts be set on the host (a management computer running a terminal software) and the slave

→ Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]

Use the **Redirection After BIOS POST** option to specify when console redirection should occur.

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→	Disabled		The console is not redirected after POST
→	Boot Loader		Redirection is active during POST and during Boot Loader
→	Always	DEFAULT	Redirection is always active (Some OSes may not work if set to Always)

→ Terminal Type [ANSI]

Use the **Terminal Type** BIOS option to specify the remote terminal type.

→	ANSI	DEFAULT	The target terminal type is ANSI
→	VT100		The target terminal type is VT100
→	VT-UTF8		The target terminal type is VT-UTF8

5.3.7 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.

			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit	
USB Confi Module Ve	guration ersion - 2.	24.0-11.4				Enabl contr	es USB hc ollers	st
USB Devic	es Enabled None	:						
USB Funct Legacy US USB 2.0 C USB 2.0 C	ion 3B Support 2ontroller 2ontroller	Mode	[Enabl [Enabl [Enabl [HiSpe	ed] ed] ed] ed]		<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select S Select I Go to Su General Save and Exit	creen tem bScreen Help Exit
	v02.61	©Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 10: USB Configuration

USB Configuration

The USB Configuration field shows the system USB configuration. The items listed are:

Module Version: x.xxxxx.xxxxx

→ USB Devices Enabled

The USB Devices Enabled field lists the USB devices that are enabled on the system

→ USB 1.1 Controller [Enabled]

Use the **USB Function** BIOS option to enable or disable USB function support.

→	Disabled		USB 1.1 controller disabled			
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	USB 1.1 controller enabled			

→ USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

Use the USB 2.0 Controller BIOS option to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller

→	Disabled		USB 2.0 controller disabled
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	USB 2.0 controller enabled

→ Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

→	Disabled		Legacy USB support disabled			
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Legacy USB support enabled			



→ Auto

Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

5.3.8 IT8888 ISA Decode IO Spaces

Access the **IT8888 ISA Decode Spaces** configuration settings (**BIOS Menu 11**) in the Integrated Peripherals menu and make the appropriate I/O space settings.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY			
Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot Security	Chij	pset	Exit
ISA Decode I/O Spaces			Posit Space	ively Decode I/O Window 0.
Decode I/O Space 0 I/O Decoding Speed I/O Decoding Base Addr. I/O Decoding Size Decode I/O Space 1 I/O Decoding Speed I/O Decoding Size Decode I/O Space 2 I/O Decoding Speed I/O Decoding Size Decode I/O Space 3 I/O Decoding Speed I/O Decoding Size	<pre>[Disabled] [Slow Speed] [100] [128 Bytes] [Disabled] [Slow Speed] [180] [64 Bytes] [Disabled] [Slow Speed] [1C0] [32 Bytes] [Disabled] [Slow Speed] [200] [128 Bytes]</pre>		←→ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
v02.61 ©Copyright	: 1985-2006, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 11: IT8888 ISA Decode IO

→ Decode IO Space x [Disabled]

Use the **Decode IO Space x** option to enable or disable the decoding of a particular IO space.

→	Disabled	(Default)	IO space decoding is disabled
→	Enabled		IO space decoding is enabled and the options below are
			accessible



➔ Decode IO Speed x [Slow Speed]

Use the **Decode IO Space x** option to enable or disable the decoding of a particular IO space.

≯	Fast Speed		Set the I/O speed to Fast
→	Medium Speed		Set the I/O speed to Medium
→	Slow Speed	(Default)	Set the I/O speed to Slow
→	Subtractive Speed		Set the I/O speed to Subtractive

→ Decode IO Address x [15:0] [Varying defaults]

Use the **Decode IO Address** option to manually enter the IO address that should be used by this IO space. The defaults for the different IO spaces are shown below

- IO Space 0: 0100
- IO Space 1: 0180
- IO Space 2: 01C0
- IO Space 3: 0200

➔ Decode IO Size x [Varying defaults]

Use the **Decode IO Size** option to manually enter the size of the IO space. The defaults for the different IO spaces are shown below.

- IO Space 0: 128 Bytes
- IO Space 1: 64 Bytes
- IO Space 2: 32 Bytes
- IO Space 3: 128 Bytes

5.3.9 IT8888 ISA Decode Memory

Access the **IT8888 ISA Decode Memory** configuration settings (**BIOS Menu 12**) in the Integrated Peripherals menu and make the appropriate I/O space settings.

MainAdvancedPCIPNPBootSecurityChipsetExitISA Decode Memory SpacesISA Decode Memory SpacesPositively Decode I/ODecode Memory Space 0[Disabled]Positively Decode I/OMemory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Space Window 0.Memory Decoding Size[64 Bytes]For Select ScreenDecode Memory Space 1[Disabled]↓ Select ItemMemory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]For Select ScreenMemory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]For Select ItemDecode Memory Space 2[Disabled]Fill General HelpMemory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Fill Save and ExitMemory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Fill Save and ExitMemory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]Esc ExitDecode Memory Space 3[Disabled]Fill Save and ExitMemory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]Esc ExitDecode Memory Space 3[Disabled]Memory Decoding SpeedMemory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed][Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]Decode Memory Space 3[Disabled]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]		BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
ISA Decode Memory Spaces Positively Decode I/O Decode Memory Space 0 [Disabled] Memory Decoding Speed [Medium Speed] Memory Decoding Size [64 Bytes] Decode Memory Space 1 [Disabled] Memory Decoding Speed [Medium Speed] Memory Decoding Speed [Medium Speed] Memory Decoding Speed [Medium Speed] Memory Decoding Size [32 Bytes] Decode Memory Space 2 [Disabled] Memory Decoding Speed [Medium Speed] Memory Decoding Size [32 Bytes] Decode Memory Space 3 [Disabled] Memory Decoding Speed [Medium Speed] Memory Decoding Size [32 Bytes] <	Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot Security	Chipset Exit
Decode Memory Space 0[Disabled]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Base Addr.[D00]Memory Decoding Size[64 Bytes]Decode Memory Space 1[Disabled]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Base Addr.[0]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]Decode Memory Space 2[Disabled]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]Decode Memory Space 3[Disabled]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]	ISA Decode Memory Spaces		Positively Decode I/O Space Window 0.
Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]Decode Memory Space 3[Disabled]Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Base Addr.[0]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]	Decode Memory Space 0 Memory Decoding Speed Memory Decoding Base Addr. Memory Decoding Size Decode Memory Space 1 Memory Decoding Speed Memory Decoding Base Addr. Memory Decoding Size Decode Memory Space 2 Memory Decoding Speed Memory Decoding Base Addr	[Disabled] [Medium Speed] [D00] [64 Bytes] [Disabled] [Medium Speed] [0] [32 Bytes] [Disabled] [Medium Speed] [0]	 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item Enter Go to SubScreen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
Memory Decoding Speed[Medium Speed]Memory Decoding Base Addr.[0]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]	Memory Decoding Size Decode Memory Space 3	[32 Bytes] [Disabled]	
Memory Decoding Base Addr.[0]Memory Decoding Size[32 Bytes]	Memory Decoding Speed	[Medium Speed]	
Memory Decoding Size [32 Bytes]	Memory Decoding Base Addr.	[0]	
	Memory Decoding Size	[32 Bytes]	
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BIOS Menu 12: IT8888 ISA Decode Memory

→ Decode Memory Space x [Disabled]

Use the **Decode Memory Space x** option to enable or disable the decoding of a particular IO space.

Disabled (Default) Memory space decoding is disabled

Enabled Memory space decoding is enabled and the options below are accessible

→ Decode Memory Speed x [Medium Speed]

Use the **Decode Memory Space x** option to enable or disable the decoding of a particular IO space.

→	Fast Speed		Set the Memory Speed to Fast Speed
→	Medium Speed	(Default)	Set the Memory Speed to Medium Speed
→	Slow Speed		Set the Memory Speed to Slow Speed
→	Subtractive Speed		Set the Memory Speed to Subtractive Speed

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➔ Decode Memory Address x [Varying defaults]

Use the **Decode Memory Address** option to manually enter the memory address that should be used by this memory space. The defaults for the different memory spaces are shown below

- Memory Space 0: D00
- Memory Space 1: 000
- Memory Space 2: 000
- Memory Space 3: 000

→ Decode Memory Size x [Varying defaults]

Use the **Decode Memory Size** option to manually enter the size of the memory space. The defaults for the different memory spaces are shown below

- Memory Space 0: 64 Bytes
- Memory Space 1: 32 Bytes
- Memory Space 2: 32 Bytes
- Memory Space 3: 32 Bytes

5.4 PCI/PnP

Use the PCI/PnP menu (BIOS Menu 13) to configure advanced PCI and PnP settings.



Setting wrong values for the BIOS selections in the PCIPnP BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



		BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY			
Main Advar	nced PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit
Advanced PCI/Pr	nP Settings				Avail	able: Specified IRQ
					is av	ailable to be use
WARNING: Settin	ng wrong values	in below	sections		Lie P	CI/PHP devices
may ca	ause system to	malfuncti	on		Reser	ved. Specified IRQ
IRQ3		[Reser	ved		is re	served for use by
IRQ4		[Reser	ved		Legac	y ISA devices
IRQ5		[Avail	able]			
IRQ7		[Avail	able]			
IRQ9		[Avail	able]			
IRQ10		[Avail	able]			
IRQ11		[Avail	able]			
IRQ14		[Avail	able]			
IRQ15		[Avail	able]			
DMA Channel 0		[Avail	able]		\leftrightarrow	Select Screen
DMA Channel 1		[Avail	able]		$\uparrow \downarrow$	Select Item
DMA Channel 3		[Avail	able]		Enter	Go to SubScreen
DMA Channel 5		[Avail	able]		F1	General Help
DMA Channel 6		[Avail	able]		F10	Save and Exit
DMA Channel 7		[Avail	able]		ESC	Exit
Reserved Memory	y Size	[Disab	led]			
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BIOS Menu 13: PCI/PnP Configuration

→ IRQ# [Available]

Use the **IRQ#** address to specify what IRQs can be assigned to a particular peripheral device.

→	Available	DEFAULT	The specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices
→	Reserved		The specified IRQ is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices

Available IRQ addresses are:

- IRQ3
- IRQ4
- IRQ5
- IRQ7
- IRQ9

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- IRQ10
- IRQ 11
- IRQ 14
- IRQ 15

→ DMA Channel# [Available]

Use the **DMA Channel#** option to assign a specific DMA channel to a particular PCI/PnP device.

→	Available	DEFAULT	The specified DMA is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices
→	Reserved		The specified DMA is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices

Available DMA Channels are:

- DM Channel 0
- DM Channel 1
- DM Channel 3
- DM Channel 5
- DM Channel 6
- DM Channel 7

→ Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]

Use the **Reserved Memory Size** BIOS option to specify the amount of memory that should be reserved for legacy ISA devices.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	No memory block reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	16K		16 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	32K		32 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	64K		54 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices

5.5 Boot

Use the Boot menu (BIOS Menu 14) to configure system boot options.

			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit	
Boot Sett	ings ttings Conf	iguration				Confi	gure set g system	tings boot.
> Boot De	vice Priori sk Drives	ty						
> CD/DVD	Drives							
> Removab	le Drives					<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select Se	Screen Item ubScreen Help d Exit
	v02.61 ©	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 14: Boot

5.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Use the **Boot Settings Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure advanced system boot options.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit	
Boot Settings Configuration Quick Boot Quiet Boot AddOn ROM Display Mode Bootup Num-Lock			[Enabled] [Enabled] [Force BIOS] [On]			Allows BIOS to skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.		
						←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select S Select I Go to Su General Save and Exit	Screen Etem UbScreen Help I Exit
	v02.61	©Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 15: Boot Settings Configuration

Quick Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quick Boot** BIOS option to make the computer speed up the boot process.

→	Disabled		No POST procedures are skipped
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Some POST procedures are skipped to decrease
			the system boot time

→ Quiet Boot [Disabled]

Use the Quiet Boot BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Normal POST messages displayed
→	Enabled		OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

→ AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

Use the **AddOn ROM Display Mode** option to allow add-on ROM (read-only memory) messages to be displayed.

→	Force BIOS	DEFAULT	The system forces third party BIOS to display during system boot.
→	Keep Current		The system displays normal information during system boot.

➔ Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Use the **Bootup Num-Lock** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

Off Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.

On DEFAULT Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

→ Spread Spectrum Mode [Disabled]

The Spread Spectrum Mode option can help to improve CPU EMI issues.

7	Disabled	DEFAULT	The spread spectrum mode is disabled
→	Enabled		The spread spectrum mode is enabled

5.5.2 Boot Device Priority

Use the **Boot Device Priority** menu (**BIOS Menu 16**) to specify the boot sequence from the available devices. The drive sequence also depends on the boot sequence in the individual device section.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	oset	Exit	
Boot Devi > 1st Boo > 2nd Boo > 3rd Boo	ce Priority ot Device ot Device ot Device	Y	[1st E [2nd E [3rd E	Boot Device] Boot Device] Boot Device]		Speci seque avai:	ifies the ence from lable devi Select S Select I r Go to Su General Save and Exit	boot the .ces. Screen tem ubScreen Help I Exit
	v02.61 @	OCopvright	1985-2006	5. American	Mega	trends	s. Inc.	

BIOS Menu 16: Boot Device Priority Settings

5.5.3 Hard Disk Drives

Use the **Hard Disk Drives** menu to specify the boot sequence of the available HDDs. Only installed hard drives are shown.

			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY						
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP		Security	Chir	pset	Exit			
Hard Disk	Drives		[Hard	Drivo 11		Specifies the boot - sequence from the available devices.				
> 2nd Dri > 3rd Dri	ve ve		[Hard [Hard [Hard	Drive 2] Drive 3]		avarr				
						<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScre General Help Save and Exit Exit	en		
	v02.61 (©Copyright	1985-2000	6, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.			

BIOS Menu 17: Hard Disk Drives

5.5.4 Removable Drives

Use the **Removable Drives** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to specify the boot sequence of the removable drives. Only connected drives are shown.

			BIOS SETU	IP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	bset	Exit
Hard Disl > 1st Dr: > 2nd Dr: > 3rd Dr:	c Drives ive ive ive		[Remov [Remov [Remov	able Drive able Drive able Drive	1] 2] 3]	Speci seque avail	fies the boot nce from the able devices.
						←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	. American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 18: Removable Drives

5.5.5 CD/DVD Drives

Use the **CD/DVD Drives** menu to specify the boot sequence of the available CD/DVD drives. When the menu is opened, the CD drives and DVD drives connected to the system are listed as shown below:

- 1st Drive [CD/DVD: PM-(part ID)]
- 2nd Drive [HDD: PS-(part ID)]
- 3rd Drive [HDD: SM-(part ID)]
- 4th Drive [HDD: SM-(part ID)]



Only the drives connected to the system are shown. For example, if only two CDs or DVDs are connected only "**1st Drive**" and "**2nd Drive**" are listed.

The boot sequence from the available devices is selected. If the "**1st Drive**" option is selected a list of available CD/DVD drives is shown. Select the first CD/DVD drive the system boots from. If the "**1st Drive**" is not used for booting this option may be disabled.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit	
Hard Dis > 1st Dr: > 2nd Dr: > 3rd Dr:	Drives		[CD/DV] [CD/DV] [CD/DV]	0 1] 0 2] 0 3]		Speci seque avail	fies the nce from able devi	boot the ices.
						←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select S Select I Go to Su General Save and Exit	Screen Item IbScreen Help I Exit
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 19: CD/DVD Drives

5.6 Security

Use the Security menu (BIOS Menu 20) to set system and user passwords.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset	Exit		
Security	Settings								
Superviso User Pass	or Password sword	:Not :Not	Installed Installed						
Change Su Change Us	User Password :Not Installed Change Supervisor Password Change User Password ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item Enter Go to SubScreen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit								
	v02.61 @	Copyrigh	t 1985-200	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.		

BIOS Menu 20: Security

→ Change Supervisor Password

Use the **Change Supervisor Password** to set or change a supervisor password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a supervisor password must be installed, select



this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change Supervisor Password**.

→ Change User Password

Use the **Change User Password** to set or change a user password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change User Password**.

→ Clear User Password

Use the **Clear User Password** to clear a user's password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be cleared, use this option.

➔ Boot Sector Virus Protection [Disabled]

Use the Boot Sector Virus Protection to enable or disable boot sector protection.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Disables the boot sector virus protection
→	Enabled		Enables the boot sector virus protection

5.7 Chipset

Use the Chipset menu (BIOS Menu 21) to access the Video configuration menu.



Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

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			BIOS SETU	JP UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security		Exit		
Advanced	Chipset Set	tings						
WARNING:	WARNING: Setting wrong values in below section may cause system to malfunction.							
> Video	Configuratio	on						
					 ← → Ent F1 F10 ESC 	Select Screen Select Item er Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit		
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Megatren	ds, Inc.		

BIOS Menu 21: Chipset

5.7.1 Video Configuration

Use the **Video Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 22**) to set the configuration settings for the flat panel screen connected to the system.

			BIOS SETU	P UTILITY				
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit	
Video Cor	figuration					Selec memor	t internal graphics y size in MB unit.	
Internal Boot Di	Graphics Me splay Type	emory	[32 MB] [Panel + CRT]			Please use even number of Mbytes only.		
Flat Pane Flat Pane Flat Pane Flat Pane Flat Pane Horizonta Vertical	el Configura el Type el Resolutio el Data Bus el Refresh H al Sync Polar Sync Polar	ation Type Rate arity ity	[Auto] [800x60 [9-24]] [60 Hz [Active [Active	00] oits, 1 pix] e low] e low]	cel]	←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit	
	v02.61 @	Copyright	1985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 22: Video Configuration

➔ Internal Graphics Memory [32 MB]

Use the **Share Memory Size** option to set the amount of system memory allocated to the integrated graphics processor when the system boots. The system memory allocated can then only be used as graphics memory, and is no longer available to applications or the operating system. Configuration options are listed below:

- 16 MB
- 32 MB
 Default
- 64 MB
- 128 MB
- Disabled

➔ Boot Display Device [Panel + CRT]

Use the **Boot Display Device** option to select the display device used by the system when it boots. Configuration options are listed below.

- CRT
- Flat Panel
- Panel + CRT Default

→ Flat Panel Type [Auto]

Use the **Flat Panel Type** option to specify the type of flat panel screen connected to the system.

→	TFT		Specifies the system is connected to a TFT display.
→	LVDS		Specifies the system is connected to an LVDS display.
→	Auto	(Default)	The system detects the display type and the display
			settings.

→ Flat Panel Resolution [800 x 600]

The **Flat Panel Resolution** option can only be configured if the **Flat Panel Type** option is not set to **Auto**. Use the **Flat Panel Resolution** option to set the resolution of the flat panel screen connected to the system. The **Flat Panel Resolution** options are:

- 320 x 240
- 640 x 480
- 800 x 600 (Default)
- 1024 x 768
- 1152 x 864
- 1280 x 1024
- 1600 x 1200

→ Flat Panel Data Bus Type [9 – 24 bits, 1 ppc]

The **Flat Panel Data Bus Type** option can only be configured if the **Flat Panel Type** option is not set to **Auto**. Use the **Flat Panel Data Bus Type** option to set the bus type and the data bus width used to transfer data between the system and the flat panel screen connected to the system. The **Flat Panel Data Bus Type** options are:

- 9-24 bits, 1 pixel/clock (Default)
- 18, 24 bits, 2 pixels/clock

→ Refresh Rate [60Hz]

The **Flat Panel Refresh Rate** option can only be configured if the **Flat Panel Type** option is not set to **Auto**. Use the **Flat Panel Refresh Rate** option to set the screen refresh rate required by the panel connected to the system. Check the documentation that came with the panel before setting this option. The **Flat Panel Refresh Rate** options are:

- 60Hz (Default)
- 70Hz
- 72Hz
- 75Hz
- 85Hz
- 90Hz
- 100Hz
- → Horizontal Sync Polarity [Low]
The Horizontal Sync Polarity option can only be configured if the Flat Panel Type option is not set to Auto. Use the Horizontal Sync Polarity option to set the polarity of the HSYNC signal to the panel. The Horizontal Sync Polarity options are:

- Active High
- Active Low (Default)

→ Vertical Sync Polarity [Low]

The Vertical Sync Polarity option can only be configured if the Flat Panel Type option is not set to Auto. Use the Vertical Sync Polarity option to set the polarity of the VSYNC signal to the panel. The Vertical Sync Polarity options are:

- Active High
- Active Low (Default)

5.8 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 23**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY								
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	pset		
Exit Opti Save Char Discard (Discard (ons Iges and Ex Changes and Changes	it Exit				Exit savin F10 k this	system se g the cha ey can be operatior	etup after anges. e used for
Load Opti Load Fail	mal Defaul safe Defau	ts lts				←→ ↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select S Select I Go to Su General Save and Exit	Screen Item ubScreen Help I Exit
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BIOS Menu 23:Exit

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Save Changes and Exit

Use the **Save Changes and Exit** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

➔ Discard Changes and Exit

Use the **Discard Changes and Exit** option to exit the BIOS configuration setup program without saving the changes made to the system.

➔ Discard Changes

Use the **Discard Changes** option to discard the changes and remain in the BIOS configuration setup program.

➔ Load Optimal Defaults

Use the **Load Optimal Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F9 key can be used for this operation.**

➔ Load Failsafe Defaults

Use the Load Failsafe Defaults option to load failsafe default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. F8 key can be used for this operation.





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Regulatory Compliance



DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with specifications for CE marking. If the user modifies and/or installs other devices in the equipment, the CE conformity declaration may no longer apply.

FCC WARNING

This equipment complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.











Product Disposal





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Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

- Outside the European Union If you wish to dispose of used electrical and electronic products outside the European Union, please contact your local authority so as to comply with the correct disposal method.
- Within the European Union The device that produces less waste and is easier to recycle is classified as electronic device in terms of the European Directive 2012/19/EU (WEEE), and must not be disposed of as domestic garbage.



EU-wide legislation, as implemented in each Member State, requires that waste electrical and electronic products carrying the mark (left) must be disposed of separately from normal household waste. This includes monitors and electrical accessories, such as signal cables or power cords. When you need to dispose of your device, please follow the guidance of

your local authority, or ask the shop where you purchased the product. The mark on electrical and electronic products only applies to the current European Union Member States.

Please follow the national guidelines for electrical and electronic product disposal.





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BIOS Options



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Terminology



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ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
ΑΤΑ	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
BIOS	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
CompactFlash®	CompactFlash® is a solid-state storage device. CompactFlash® devices use flash memory in a standard size enclosure. Type II is thicker than Type I, but a Type II slot can support both types.
CMOS	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
СОМ	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
DDR	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.
DMA	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
DIO	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
EIDE	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
FSB	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Southbridge chipset.
GPIO	General purpose input

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HDD	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
LCD	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.
LVDS	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
POST	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
RAM	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
SATA	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
USB	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
VGA	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.

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Watchdog Timer

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The following discussion applies to DOS environment. IEI support is contacted or the IEI website visited for specific drivers for more sophisticated operating systems, e.g., Windows and Linux.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH Sub-function:					
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.				
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog				
	Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).				

Table E-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.

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When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

EXAMPLE PROGRAM:

; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER

; W_LOOP:	:		
;			
N	10V	AX, 6F02H	;setting the time-out value
N	<i>I</i> OV	BL, 30	;time-out value is 48 seconds
11	NT 15H		
; • ADD THI			F

; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM

;

CMP	EXIT_AP, 1	;is the application over?
JNE	W_LOOP	;No, restart the application
MOV	AX, 6F02H	;disable Watchdog Timer
MOV	BL, 0	,
INT	15H	

;

; EXIT ;





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Hazardous Materials Disclosure



The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to below table.

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements							
	Lead	Mercury	Cadmium	Hexavalent	Polybrominated	Polybrominated		
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	Chromium	Biphenyls	Diphenyl Ethers		
				(CR(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)		
Housing	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Display	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Printed Circuit	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Board								
Metal Fasteners	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cable Assembly	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Fan Assembly	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Power Supply	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Assemblies								
Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0		
O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit								

requirement in SJ/T11363-2006 (now replaced by GB/T 26572-2011).

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006 (now replaced by GB/T 26572-2011).

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符 合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有"环境友好使用期限"的标签,此期限是估算这些物质"不会有泄漏或突变"的 年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件,像是电池或灯管,这些元 件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素						
	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯	
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(CR(VI))	(PBB)	醚	
						(PBDE)	
壳体	0	0	0	0	0	0	
显示	0	0	0	0	0	0	
印刷电路板	0	0	0	0	0	0	
金属螺帽	0	0	0	0	0	0	
电缆组装	0	0	0	0	0	0	
风扇组装	0	0	0	0	0	0	
电力供应组装	0	0	0	0	0	0	
电池	0	0	0	0	0	0	

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T 11363-2006 (现由 GB/T 26572-2011 取代)标准规定的限量要求以下。

X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T 11363-2006 (现由 GB/T 26572-2011 取代)标准规定的限量要求。